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methylene, then Z contains more than three methylene units; R1, X1, and Z are unsubstituted or substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from Q; and Q is halogen, hydroxy, nitrile, nitro, formyl, mercapto, carboxy, alkyl, haloalkyl, polyhaloalkyl, aminoalkyl, diaminoalkyl, alkenyl containing 1 to 2 double bonds, alkynyl containing 1 to 2 triple bonds, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, arylalkyl, heteroarylalkyl, alkylidene, arylalkylidene, alkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, aryloxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonylalkyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, dialkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, diarylaminocarbonyl, arylalkylaminocarbonyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, perfluoroalkoxy, alkenyloxy, alkynyloxy, arylalkoxy, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, dialkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, diarylaminoalkyl, alkylamino, dialkylamino, arylamino, diarylamino, alkylarylamino, alkylcarbonylamino, alkoxycarbonylamino, arylcarbonylamino, aryloxycarbonylamino, azido, alkylthio, arylthio, perfluoroalkylthio, thiocyano, isothiocyano, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfinyl, arylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylaminosulfonyl, dialkylaminosulfonyl, arylaminosulfonyl or diarylaminosulfonyl.

- 12. (Amended Twice) The LPC of claim 5, wherein Z is any combination of 1-12 units selected from 1,4-phenylene and methylene, which units may be combined in any order, with the proviso that if Z is methylene, then Z contains more than three methylene units.
- 13. (Amended Twice) The LPC of claim 5, wherein Z is C_{1-12} alkylene, with the proviso that if Z is methylene, then Z contains more than three methylene units.
- 33. (Amended Three times) A method of solution phase biopolymer synthesis, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) reacting an LPC of formula $(R^1)_p$ -A- $(Z_t$ - $X^1)_n$ with a first monomer N^1 ;
- (b) separating and purifying the product of step (a) to afford a compound of formula $(R^1)_p$ -A- $(Z_t$ -X¹-N¹)_n;

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- (c) reacting the product of step (b) with a second monomer N^2 , a dimer N^2 - N^3 or a trimer N^2 - N^3 - N^4 ; and
- (d) repeating steps (b) and (c) to produce an LPC-bound biopolymer of formula $(R^1)_p$ -A- $(Z_t$ - X^1 - N^1 - N^2 -...- N^m)_n, where m is 3 to 100, wherein: A is silicon; R¹ is hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaralkyl, heterocyclyl or heterocyclylalkyl; p is 0 or 1; Z is any combination of 0-12 units selected from 1,2-, 1,3- or 1,4-phenylene and alkylene, which units may be combined in any order; t is 0 or 1; X1 is any reactive group which can be used in biopolymer synthesis; n is 3 or 4; with the proviso that if Z is methylene, then Z contains more than three methylene units; R¹, X¹, and Z are unsubstituted or substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from Q; and Q is halogen, hydroxy, nitrile, nitro, formyl, mercapto, carboxy, alkyl, haloalkyl, polyhaloalkyl, aminoalkyl, diaminoalkyl, alkenyl containing 1 to 2 double bonds, alkynyl containing 1 to 2 triple bonds, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, arylalkyl, heteroarylalkyl, alkylidene, arylalkylidene, alkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, aryloxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonylalkyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, dialkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, diarylaminocarbonyl, arylalkylaminocarbonyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, perfluoroalkoxy, alkenyloxy, alkynyloxy, arylalkoxy, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, dialkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, diarylaminoalkyl, alkylamino, dialkylamino, arylamino, diarylamino, alkylarylamino, alkylcarbonylamino, alkoxycarbonylamino, arylcarbonylamino, aryloxycarbonylamino, azido, alkylthio, arylthio, perfluoroalkylthio, thiocyano, isothiocyano, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfinyl, arylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylaminosulfonyl, dialkylaminosulfonyl, arylaminosulfonyl or diarylaminosulfonyl; and

N¹, N², N³...N^m are biopolymer monomers; and the dimers and trimers comprise the monomers.